

COVID-19 Vaccine Adverse Events

CLINICAL QUESTION

What does real world evidence tell us about adverse effects from available COVID-19 vaccines?

BOTTOM LINE

Best evidence finds systemic adverse events related to COVID-19 vaccines are mostly short-lived and differ by type of vaccine, dose given, age, and gender. Anaphylaxis to mRNA vaccines occurs in 2.5 to 5 per million doses. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT) is associated with viral vector vaccines (AstraZeneca or Johnson and Johnson). Best estimates of incidence: ~0.5 to 2 per 100,000 and more commonly in women.

EVIDENCE

- From published prospective or retrospective cohort/case control studies.
- General systemic adverse events:
 - Best evidence from solicited adverse events up to 8 days post-dose in 655,590 patients with Pfizer (2 doses) or AstraZeneca (1 dose) adults:¹
 - Most commonly short lived and last 1-2 days:
 - Fatigue, headache: Each 13-23%.
 - Adverse events more common among:

- Recipients of AstraZeneca (versus Pfizer), Pfizer second dose versus first.
- o Individuals 55 or younger.
- o Women.
- Similar findings in clinical trials.²
- Anaphylaxis risk: Based on ~10 million Pfizer doses, ~8 million Moderna.³
 - o Incidence (per million doses): 5 (Pfizer), 2.5 (Moderna).
 - 1/3 reported previous anaphylaxis episodes, ~80% with known allergies.
 - No deaths reported.
- VITT:
 - VITT leading to rare thromboses, particularly cerebral venous sinus thrombosis (CVST), 4-28 days post AstraZeneca vaccine.
 - Risk varies^{4,5} from 0.4 per 100,000 in 80+ years to ~2 per 100,000 in 20-49.
 - Majority in women under 60 within 14 days of vaccination.⁵
 - Cohort of 281,264 AstraZeneca recipients in Denmark/Norway⁶ calculated thrombosis events in excess of natural background risk:
 - Additional venous thromboembolisms (includes deep venous thrombosis, pulmonary embolism and CVST) possibly attributed to vaccine: 11 per 100,000 doses and mostly in women.

CONTEXT

- Suspect VITT if AstraZeneca or Johnson & Johnson vaccine 4-28 days prior, signs/symptoms or positive imaging of serious thrombosis with thrombocytopenia.⁷
 - Diagnosis confirmed with positive heparin-induced thrombocytopenia assay.^{4,7}
 - Clinical pathways available to guide approach to suspected VITT⁸: https://is.gd/71P7I2
- Patient decision tool for AstraZeneca vaccine available: https://is.gd/Bn4EPJ
- To report possible vaccine related adverse events in Canada: https://is.gd/LwKQNDl

REFERENCES

- 1. Menni C, Klaser K, May A, *et al.* Lancet Infect Dis. 2021 Apr 27; S1473-3099(21)00224-3. Online ahead of print.
- 2. Kolber MR, Fritch P, Price M, et al. Can Fam Physician. 2021; 67:185.
- 3. Shimabukuro TT, Cole M, Su JR. JAMA 2021; 325(11):1101-1102.
- 4. Cines DB, Bussel JB. N Engl J Med. 2021 Apr 16; NEJMe2106315. Online ahead of print.
- European Medicines Agency Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use. Vol 4.; 2021. Available at: https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/referral/use-vaxzevria-prevent-covid-19-article-53-procedure-assessment-report_en.pdf. Accessed May 15, 2021.
- 6. Pottegård A, Lund LC, Karlstad Ø, et al. BMJ 2021; 373:n1114.
- 7. American Society of Hematology. Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome Hematology.org. Available at: https://www.hematology.org/covid-

AUTHORS

Tony Nickonchuk
BSc Pharm, Paul
Fritsch, MD CCFP,
Jennifer Young, MD
CCFP, Nicolas Dugré,
PharmD MSc BCAPC,
Alex Singer, MB BCh
BAO CCFP, Michael R
Kolber, MD CCFP
MSc

- <u>19/vaccine-induced-immune-thrombotic-thrombocytopenia</u>. Accessed May 20, 2021.
- 8. British Columbia COVID-19 Therapeutics Committee. Vaccine-Induced Immune Thrombotic Thrombocytopenia Guidance. Vol 4.; 2021. Available at: https://www.doctorsofbc.ca/sites/default/files/vitt_guidance_for_bc.pdf. Accessed May 25, 2021.
- 9. European Medicines Agency Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use. 2021; 4(23):1-12. Available at:

 https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/chmp-annex/annex-vaxzevria-art53-visual-risk-contextualisation_en.pdf. Accessed May 25, 2021.
- 10. Health Canada. Contact information for Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI). Available at: https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/federal-provincial-territorial-contact-information-aefi-related-questions.html. Accessed June 1, 2021.

Authors do not have any conflicts of interest to declare.